

## Nitrofurantoin Sodium PRODUCT DATA SHEET

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Product Name: Nitrofurantoin Sodium

Product Number: N061

**CAS Number:** 54-87-5

**Molecular Formula:**  $C_8H_5N_4O_5Na$ 

Molecular Weight: 260.14

Form: Powder

**Solubility:** Freely soluble in water

**Source:** Synthetic

**Storage Conditions:** Ambient, <30°C; Protect from light.

**Description:** Nitrofurantoin Sodium is the sodium salt form of Nitrofurantoin, a broad-

spectrum nitrofuran antibiotic that is used as a substrate of bacterial glycoprotein nitrofuran reductase. It is bacteriostatic against Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria. It has been found to have *in vitro* anti-cancer

activities in bladder cancer cells. Nitrofurantoin is freely soluble in water.

We also offer:

• Nitrofurantoin (N006)

**Mechanism of Action:** Upon entering a susceptible cell, nitrofurantoin is activated by bacterial

enzymes and targets ribosomes and nucleic acids which inhibit bacterial growth and leads to death of the bacterial cells. Resistance to Nitrofurantoin

may be chromosomal or plasmid-mediated.

**Spectrum:** Nitrofurantoin is effective against Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria.

Nitrofurantoin is effective against certain β-lactam resistant strains of VRE or vancomycin resistant Enterococcus; a glycopeptide antibiotic resistant

"superbug."

It is also used against Enterococci, Staphylococci, Streptococci,

Corneybacteria, and E. coli.

Most strains of Proteus spp. and Pseudomonas aeurginosa are resistant to

Nitrofurantoin.

Microbiology Applications Nitrofurantoin is commonly used in clinical in vitro microbiological antimicrobial susceptibility tests (panels, discs, and MIC strips) against Grampositive and Gram-negative microbial isolates. Medical microbiologists use AST results to recommend antibiotic treatment options for infected patients. Representative MIC values include:

• *E. coli* 32 μg/mL - 64 μg/mL

For a representative list of Nitrofurantoin MIC values, click here.

References:

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Fitzpatrick PM and Charles C. McOsker CM (1994) Nitrofurantoin: Mechanism of action and implications for resistance development in common uropathogens. J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 33(Suppl A):23-30 PMID 7928834

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Nickerson SC, Paape MJ, Dulin AM (1985) Effect of antibiotics and vehicles on bovine mammary polymorphonuclear leukocyte morphologic features, viability, and phagocytic activity in vitro. Am J Vet Res. 46(11):2259-2265 PMID 4073636

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